

TABLE 6-2

Global value added for selected industries, by selected region, country, or economy: 2006 and 2016

(Percent share)

Region, country, or economy	Real estate		Transport and storage		Retail and wholesale trade		Restaurants and hotels		Medium-low-technology manufacturing industries		Low-technology manufacturing industries	
	2006	2016	2006	2016	2006	2016	2006	2016	2006	2016	2006	2016
Global value added (current \$billions)	4,534	6,724	2,140	3,049	5,543	7,966	1,216	1,884	2,114	2,698	2,152	3,180
China	3	11	8	16	5	15	5	13	12	30	13	32
EU	32	24	30	22	27	20	31	24	26	17	28	17
Japan	10	8	10	7	9	6	11	9	11	9	9	6
United States	34	33	22	21	32	29	31	29	22	20	21	16

EU = European Union.

Note(s)

Value added is the amount contributed by a country, firm, or other entity to the value of a good or service and excludes purchases of domestic and imported materials and inputs. China includes Hong Kong. Medium-low-technology manufacturing industries consist of building and repairing of ships and boats; rubber and plastics products; coke, refined petroleum products, and nuclear fuel; other nonmetallic mineral products; and basic metal and fabricated metal products and are formerly classified by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). Low-technology manufacturing industries include recycling; wood, pulp, paper, paper products, printing, and publishing; food products, beverages, and tobacco; and textiles, textile products, leather, and footwear and are formerly classified by the OECD. The EU excludes Cyprus, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, and Slovenia.

Source(s)

IHS Global Insight, World Industry Service database (2016).

Science and Engineering Indicators 2018